

Model Question Paper
Application of differentiation- II - Part I
12th Standard

Business Maths

Reg.No. :

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- I. Answer all the questions.
- II. Use Blue pen only.
- III. Question No 14 is compulsory.

Time : 01:00:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 85

4 x 1 = 4

Section-A

- 1) The stationary value of x for $f(x) = 3(x - 1)(x - 2)$ is
(a) 3 (b) $\frac{3}{2}$ (c) $\frac{2}{3}$ (d) $\frac{-3}{2}$
- 2) The maximum value of $f(x) = \cos x$ is
(a) 0 (b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 1
- 3) $y = x^3$ is always
(a) an increasing function of x (b) decreasing function of x (c) a constant function (d) none of these
- 4) The curve $y = 4 - 2x - x^2$ is
(a) concave upward (b) concave downward (c) straight line (d) none of these.

Section-B

5 x 6 = 30

- 5) Prove that $75 - 12x + 6x^2 - x^3$ always decreases as x increases.
- 6) Separate the intervals in which the function $x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x - 2$ is increasing or decreasing.
- 7) Find the stationary points and the stationary values of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - 12x + 7$.
- 8) Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $x^3 - 6x^2 + 7$
- 9) Find the points of the inflection of the curve $y = x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x + 3$.

Section-C

5 x 10 = 50

- 10) Show that the function $x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 7$ is an increasing function for all real values of x .
- 11) For the following total revenue functions, find when the total revenue (R) is increasing and when it is decreasing. Also discuss the behaviour of marginal revenue (MR)
(i) $R = -90 + 6x^2 - x^3$ (ii) $R = -105x + 60x^2 - 5x^3$
- 12) For the total cost functions, find when the total cost (C) is increasing and when it is decreasing. Also discuss the behaviour of marginal cost (MC).
(i) $C = 2000 + 600x - 45x^2 + x^3$ (ii) $C = 200 + 40x - \frac{1}{2}x^2$
- 13) Find the absolute (global) maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x) = 3x^5 - 25x^3 + 60x + 15$ in the interval $[-\frac{3}{2}, 3]$
- 14) a) Show that the maximum value of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 27x + 108$ is 108 more than the minimum value.

(OR)

b) Find the intervals in which the curve $y = x^4 - 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x + 1$ is convex upward and convex downward.
