Model Question Paper

Hydroxy Derivatives - Part IV

12th Standard

| | Chemistry I.Answer all the questions. | Reg.No.: | | П | | \perp | _ |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|----|
| | II.Use blue pen only. | | | | | | |
| | ne : 01:30:00 Hrs | | | To | al Ma | arks : | 8 |
| | Part-A | | | | | 5 x 1 | |
| L) | Which of the following properties cannot be explained on the basis of intermolecular hydrogen bonding of glycerol? | | | | | | |
| | (a) highly viscous (b) hygroscopic liquid (c) sweetening agent (d) high boiling point | | | | | | |
| 2) | An alcohol which occurs in animal fats and vegetable oils is | | | | | | |
| , | (a) tertiary butyl alcohol (b) benzyl alcohol (c) glycol (d) glycerol | | | | | | |
| 3) | The product obtained by heating 1-propanol with copper is | | | | | | |
| , | (a) CH_3CHO (b) CH_3COCH_3 (c) CH_3CH_2CHO (d) CH_3COOH | | | | | | |
| 1\ | | | | | | | |
| +) | The fenton's reagent is | | | | | | |
| ٠, | (a) FeSO ₄ + H ₂ O (b) FeSO ₄ + H ₂ O ₂ (c) alkaline KMnO ₄ (d) acidified KMnO ₄ | | | | | | |
| 0) | Oxalic acid is converted to formic acid by treating it with | | | | | | |
| | (a) glycerine at 533K (b) glycerine at 383K (c) acidified KMnO ₄ (d) alkaline KMnO ₄ | | | | | | |
| | Part-B | | | | 5 | x 3 = | 1 |
| | What happens when glycol is oxidised using dill. HNO_3 or alkaline $KMnO_4$? | | | | | | |
| | Explain bromine water test to identify phenol? | | | | | | |
| | How will you convert phenol into phenyl acetate? | | | | | | |
| 9) | Explain Functional Isomerism. | | | | | | |
| LO) | How will you convert 2-methyl-2-propanol into 2-methy I propene? | | | | | | |
| | Part-C | | | | 5 | x 5 = | 3 |
| | What are monohydric alcohols? How are they classified? Give examples. | | | | | | |
| | Give the four methods of preparation of benzyl alcohol. | | | | | | |
| L3) | Write a note on acidic nature of phenol. | | | | | | |
| L4) | How will you convert acetic acid to tertiary butyl alcohol? | | | | | | |
| L5) | An organic compound has the formula C ₄ H ₁₀ O. It liberates hydrogen with metallic sodium. (i) Write three isomers of C ₄ H ₁₀ O which react w | ith sodium (ii) (| ive the | e actio | n of a | anyor | ıe |
| | of the isomers with acetic acid. | | | | | | |
| L6) | How will you convert ethyl alcohol to isopropyl alcohol? | | | | | | |
| | Part-D | | | | 2 | 2X10= | :2 |
| L7) | a) Complete the following: | | | | | | |
| | (i) $C_2H_4 \xrightarrow{O_2(Ag)}; A'C_2H_4O \xrightarrow{H_2SO/H_2O'} B'$ | | | | | | |
| | $\frac{250^{\circ}C}{dilHNO_3}$ dilHNO ₃ $\frac{473K}{D}$ | | | | | | |
| | (ii) Glycerol $\longrightarrow A' \xrightarrow{(O)} B'$ | | | | | | |
| | (iii) Allyl Chloride $Na_2CO_3/H_2OAHOCIBNaOHC$ | | | | | | |
| | b) How will you convert | | | | | | |
| | (i) Glycol to formic acid | | | | | | |
| | (ii) Glycerol to TNG (Triniro glycerine) | | | | | | |
| | (iii) Glycerol to Glycerol tricetate | | | | | | |
| L8) | a) What happens when Phenol | | | | | | |
| • | (i) is heated with CCI ₄ . NaOH (Riemer - Tiemann reaction) | | | | | | |
| | (ii) is treated with benzoyl chloride . NaOH (Schotten - Baumann reaction) | | | | | | |
| | (iii) is treated with conc. H ₂ SO ₄ (Sulphonation) | | | | | | |
| | b) How are phenols classified? Give their structures and names. | | | | | | |
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