

**Model Question Paper**  
**Matrices and Determinants- Part VI**

12th Standard

**Maths**

Reg.No. : 

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I. Answer all the Questions.  
 II. Use blue pen only.

Time : 01:30:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 95

5 x 1 = 5

**Section-A**

- 1) The rank of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  is  
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 0 (d) 8
- 2) The rank of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 7 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  is  
 (a) 9 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) 5
- 3) If A and B are matrices conformable to multiplication then  $(AB)^T$  is  
 (a)  $A^T B^T$  (b)  $B^T A^T$  (c)  $AB$  (d)  $BA$
- 4)  $(A^T)^{-1}$  is equal to  
 (a)  $A^{-1}$  (b)  $A^T$  (c)  $A$  (d)  $(A^{-1})^T$
- 5) if  $\rho(A) = r$  then which of the following is correct ?  
 (a) all the minors of order  $r$  which does not vanish (b) A has atleast one minor of order  $r$  which does not vanish and all higher order minor vanish  
 (c) A has atleast one  $(r + 1)$  order minor which vanishes (d) all  $(r + 1)$  and higher order minors should not vanish

**Section-B**

5 x 6 = 30

- 6) Find the rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 6 & 3 & 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 7) Find the rank of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -5 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & -5 \\ 1 & 5 & -7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- 8) Solve the following non-homogeneous equations of three unknowns  $2x + 2y + z = 5$  ;  $x - y + z = 1$  ;  $3x + y + 2z = 4$
- 9) Find the inverse of the following matrices :  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 10) Find the inverse of the following matrices :  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

**Section-C**

6 x 10 = 60

- 11) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , verify  $A(adjA) = (adjA)A = |A|I_3$
- 12) Solve by matrix inversion method  $2x - y + 3z = 9$  ,  $x + y + z = 6$  ,  $x - y + z = 2$
- 13) Solve the following non-homogeneous equations of three unknowns.  $x + 2y + z = 7$  ;  $2x - y + 2z = 4$  ;  $x + y - 2z = -1$
- 14) A bag contains 3 types of coins namely Re.1 , Rs. 2 and Rs. 5. There are 30 coins amounting to Rs. 100 in total. Find the number of coins in each category.
- 15) Solve:  $x + y + 2z = 0$  ;  $3x + 2y + z = 0$  ;  $2x + y - z = 0$
- 16) a) Find the inverse of the following matrices :  $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & -3 \\ -5 & 1 & 2 \\ 10 & -1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$   
 b) Find the inverse of the following matrices :  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

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