Model Question Paper

Organic Nitrogen Compounds - Part II

12th Standard

		Chemistry	Reg.No. :			
		swer all the questions.				
	II.Use blue pen only.					
	-	uestion number 15 is compulsory.		TetelMade	CF	
l ir	ne:0	1:30:00 Hrs Part-A		Total Marks : 5 x 1 :		
1)	Nitr	ation of nitrobenzene results in		571-	- 5	
_,		o-dinitro benzene (b) 1,3,5-trinitro benzene (c) p-dinitro benzene (d) m-dinitro benzene				
2)	Nitr	obenzene on electrolytic reduction in con.sulphuric acid, the intermediate formed is				
	(a)	$C_6H_5NH-NHC_6H_5$ (b) C_6H_5-NHOH (c) $C_6H_5-N=N-C_6H_5$ (d) $C_6H_5.HSO_4$				
3)	Elec	trophile used in the nitration of benzene is				
	(a)	hydronium ion (b) sulphonic acid (c) nitronium ion (d) bromide ion				
4)	The	reduction of $CH_3-CH_2-C\equiv N$ with sodium and alcohol results in the formation of				
	(a) $CH_3 - CH - CH_3$ (b) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - OH + N_2$ (c) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - NH_2$ (d) $CH_3 - CH_2 - NH_2$					
		NH ₂				
5)	The	basic character of amines is due to the				
	(a) tetrahedral structure (b) presence of nitrogen atom (c) lone pair of electrons on nitrogen atom (d) high electronegativity of nitrogen					
		Part-B		5 x 3 =	15	
6)	Exp	lain the electrolytic reduction of nitrobenzene.				
7)	Wha	at are amines ? How are they classified ?				
8)	Give	Give the structural formula of (i) 2-amino-2-methyl propane (ii) 2-(N, N-dimethyl) amino butane				
9)	Wha	at happens when acetonitrile is hydrolysed ?				
10) Writ	te the name and structure of four isomeric amines having the molecular formula C_3H_9N .				
		Part-C		5 x 5 =		
11)	.) An organic compound (A) of molecular formula C ₂ H ₅ NO reacts with Br ₂ /NaOH to give compound (B) of molecular formula CH ₅ N (A) is reduced by LiAlH ₄ to give compound (C) of formula C ₂ H ₇ N. Identify (A), (B) and (C).					
12	An aromatic primary amine A with molecular formula C ₆ H ₇ N undergoes diazotisation to give B. When treated with hypophosphorous acid gives C. Identify A, B and C.					
13		$LiAlH_4 \qquad HNO_2 \qquad$ Identify A, B and C				
	C_2	$egin{array}{cccc} H_3N & \longrightarrow & B & \longrightarrow & C \ Ether \end{array}$				
14) Exp	lain the isomerism in nitroalkanes.				
15) a)	Write a note on the reduction of nitrobenzene under different conditions.				
(OR)						
	b) What are the differences between aliphatic nitro compounds and aromatic nitro compounds?					
		Part-D		2X10=	20	
16) a)	Distinguish primary, secondary and tertiary amines				
	b)	How do primary secondary and tertiary amines react with nitrous acid?				

b) How do primary, secondary and tertiary amines react with nitrous acid?

- 17) a) Give comment on the basic nature of aniline.
 - b) Write notes on (i) carbylamine reaction, (ii) mustard oil reaction, (iii) acetylation of benzylamine, (iv) formation of Schiff's base, (v) Diazotisation reaction.
