T2-History
Model Question Paper IV

Reg.No


## I. Answer all the questions

Time : 02:00:00 Hrs
Part-A

1) The First Chief Justice of British India was $\qquad$ -.
(a) Sir Thomas
(b) Sir Elijah Impey
(c) Sir Morse
2) $\qquad$ was the son of Hyder Ali.
(a) Dost Ali
(b) MIr Qasim
(c) Tipu Sultan
3) $\qquad$ is called the Father of Indian Civil Service.
(a) John Shore
(b) Cornwallis
(c) Wellesley
4) The Charter Act was passed in $\qquad$ _.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { (a) } 1813 & \text { (b) } 1814 & \text { (c) } 1815\end{array}$
5) The Third Anglo - Maratha war began in $\qquad$ _.
(a) 1817
(b) 1718
(c) 1870

Part- B
6) The British Prime Minister $\qquad$ passed the Pitts India Act in 1784.

Warren Hastings pur an end to the Duai Government introduced by $\qquad$ _.
8) $\qquad$ created a permanent police force in India.
9) Lord Wllesley became the Governor General in $\qquad$ .
10) The Bengal tenancy Act was passed by $\qquad$ _.

Part- C
11) Name the Act passed by the british Parliament in 1773.
12) What was set up to buy quality goods for the company?
13) What policy did Wellesley follow?
14) Who was the First Indian ruler to join the subsidiary alliance?
15) Which Act allowed the British missionaries to settle in India?

Part-D
16) What were the defects of the Regulating Act?
17) Why did Hyder Ali dectare war on the Enlish in 1780?
18) How did Lord Cornwallis improve the judiciary?
19) Write a short note on Tipu Sultan.
20) What was the result of the Third Anglo - Maratha war?

Part- E
$5 \times 5=25$
21) What were the features of the Regulating Act? How did the Pitt's India Act overcome its defects?
22) Give an account of Permanent Revenue Settlement of Lord Cornwallis.
23) Write a note on the Subsidiary Alliance System of Lord Wllelesley and mention its merits and demerits.
24) Give an account of the Charter Act of 1813.
25) Describe the wars fought by Marquess of Hastings.

