SYLLABUS 2020-2021

STANDARD: 12

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

UNIT	CONTENT
1. Applications of	1.1 Introduction
Matrices and Determinants	1.2 Inverse of a Non-Singular Square Matrix
Determinants	1.2.1 Adjoint of a square Matrix
	1.2.2 Definition of inverse matrix of a square matrix
	1.2.3 Properties of inverses of matrices
AL CONTRACTOR	1.2.4 Application of matrices to Geometry
	1.3 Elementary Transformations of a Matrix
	1.3.1 Elementary row and column operations
	1.3.2 Row-Echelon form
	1.3.3 Rank of a Matrix
1 100	1.4 Applications of Matrices: Solving System of Linear Equations
	1.4.1 Formation of a System of Linear Equations
	1.4.2 System of Linear Equations in Matrix Form
	1.4.3 Solution to a System of Linear equations
	(i) Matrix Inversion Method
	(ii) Cramer's Rule
	(iii) Gaussian Elimination Method
	(*All properties without proof)
2. Complex Numbers	2.1 Introduction to Complex Numbers
	2.1.1 Powers of imaginary unit
	2.2 Complex Numbers
	2.2.1 Rectangular form
	2.2.2 Argand plane
	2.2.3 Algebraic operations on complex number
	2.3 Basic Algebraic Properties of Complex Numbers
	2.3.1 Properties of complex numbers
	2.4 Conjugate of a Complex Number
	2.4.1 Geometrical representation of conjugate of a complex number
	2.4.2 Properties of Complex Conjugates

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	2.5 Modulus of a Complex Number
	2.5.1 Properties of Modulus of a complex
	number
	2.5.2 Square roots of a complex number
	2.6 Geometry and Locus of Complex Numbers
	(*All properties without proof)
3. Theory of Equations	3.1 Introduction
	3.2 Basics of Polynomial Equations
	3.2.1 Different types of Polynomial Equations
	3.2.2 Quadratic Equations
	3.3 Vieta's Formulae and Formation of Polynomial Equations
0	3.3.1 Vieta's formula for Quadratic Equations
	3.3.2 Vieta's formula for Polynomial Equations
	(a) The Fundamental Theorem of Algebra
	(b) Vieta's Formula
	(i) Vieta's Formula for Polynomial equation of degree 3
	(c) Formation of Polynomial Equations with given Roots
	3.4 Nature of Roots and Nature of Coefficients of Polynomial Equations
	3.4.1 Imaginary Roots
	3.4.2 Irrational Roots
	3.4.3 Rational Roots
	3.6 Roots of Higher Degree Polynomial Equations
	3.7 Polynomials with Additional Information
	3.7.1 Imaginary or Surds Roots
	3.7.2 Polynomial equations with Even Powers Only
	3.7.3 Zero Sum of all Coefficients
	3.7.4 Equal Sums of Coefficients of Odd and Even Powers
	3.8 Polynomial Equations with no additional information
	3.8.2 Reciprocal Equations
	3.9 Descartes Rule
	3.9.1 Statement of Descartes Rule
	3.9.2 Attainment of bounds
	(*All properties without proof)

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4. Inverse	4.1	Introduction
Trigonometric Functions	4.2	Some Fundamental Concepts
Functions	4.2.1	Domain and Range of trigonometric functions
	4.2.2	Graphs of functions
	4.2.3	Amplitude and Period of a graph
	4.2.4	Inverse functions
	4.2.5	Graphs of inverse functions
	4.3	Sine Function and Inverse Sine Function
	4.3.2	Properties of the sine function
	4.3.3	The inverse sine function and its properties
	4.4	The Cosine Function and Inverse Cosine Function
	4.4.2	Properties of the cosine function
	4.4.3	The inverse cosine function and its properties
	4.5	The Tangent Function and the Inverse Tangent Function
	4.5.2	Properties of the tangent function
	4.5.3	The inverse tangent function and its properties
	4.6	The Cosecant Function and the Inverse Cosecant Function
	4.6.2	The inverse cosecant function
	4.7	The Secant Function and Inverse Secant Function
27	4.7.2	Inverse secant function
	4.8	The Cotangent Function and the Inverse Cotangent Function
	4.8.2	Inverse cotangent function
	4.9	Principal Value of Inverse Trigonometric Functions
	(*All p	properties without proof)

5. Two Dimensional	5.1	Introduction
Analytical		(Theorem 5.1–5.5 without proof)
Geometry-II	5.2	Circle
	5.2.1	Equation of a circle in standard form
	5.2.2	Equations of tangent and normal at a point P on a given circle
		(without proof)
	5.2.3	Condition for the line $y = mx + c$ to be a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and finding the point of contact
		(without proof)
	5.3	Conics
		The general equation of a Conic
		Parabola
		Ellipse (Theorem 5.3.3-without proof)
		Hyperbola (Theorem 5.3.4-without proof)
		Conic Sections
		Geometric description of conic section
		Degenerate Forms
		Parametric form of Conics
		Parametric equations
	5.6	Tangents and Normals to Conics
	5.6.1	Equation of tangent and normal to the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$
		(without proof)
	5.6.2	Equations of tangent and normal to Ellipse and Hyperbola
		(without proof)
2 ¹	5.6.3	Condition for the line $y = mx + c$ to be a tangent to the conic sections (without proof)
	5.7	Real life Applications of Conics
	5.7.1	Parabola
	5.7.2	Ellipse
	5.7.3	Hyperbola
	5.7.4	Reflective property of parabola
	5.7.5	Reflective property of Ellipse
	(*All	properties without proof)

6. Applications of Vector Algebra	6.1	Introduction (Theorems 6.1-6.23-without proof)
	6.2	Geometric Introduction to Vectors
	6.3	Scalar Product and Vector Product
	6.3.1	Geometrical interpretation
	6.3.2	Application of dot and cross products in plane Trigonometry
	6.3.3	Application of dot and cross products in Geometry
	6.3.4	Application of dot and cross product in Physics
	6.4	Scalar triple product
	6.4.1	Properties of the scalar triple product
	6.5	Vector triple product
	6.6	Jacobi's Identity and Lagrange's Identity
	6.7	Application of Vectors to 3D Geometry
	6.7.1	Different forms of equation of a straight line
	6.7.2	A point on the straight line and the direction of the straight line are given
	6.7.3	Straight Line passing through two given points
	6.7.4	Angle between two straight lines
	6.7.5	Point of intersection of two straight lines
	6.7.6	Shortest distance between two straight lines
	6.8	Different forms of Equation of a plane
	6.8.1	Equation of a plane when a normal to the plane and the distance of the plane from the origin are given
	6.8.2	Equation of a plane perpendicular to a vector and passing through a given point
	6.8.3	Intercept form of the equation of a plane
	6.8.4	Equation of a plane passing through three given non-collinear points
	6.8.5	Equation of a plane passing through a given point and parallel to two given non-parallel vectors
	6.8.6	Equation of a plane passing through two given distinct points and is parallel to a non-zero vector

6.8.7Condition for a line to lie in a plane6.8.8Condition for coplanarity of two lines6.8.10Angle between two planes6.8.11Angle between a line and a plane6.8.12Distance of a point from a plane6.8.13Distance between two parallel planes(*All properties without proof)7.17. Applications of Differential Calculus7.17.1Introduction7.2Meaning of Derivatives7.2.1Derivative as slope7.2.2Derivative as rate of change7.2.3Related rates7.2.4Equations of Tangent and Normal7.2.5Angle between two curves7.6Applications of First Derivative7.6Applications of First Derivative7.6.1Monotonicity of functions7.6.2Absolute maxima and minima7.6.3Relative Extrema on an Interval7.6.4Extrema using First Derivative Test7.7Applications of Second Derivative			
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7.5.3Indeterminate forms $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \infty & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 &$			
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Inflection		7.7.1	Concavity, Convexity, and Points of Inflection
7.7.2 Extrema using Second Derivative Test		7.7.2	Extrema using Second Derivative Test
7.8 Applications in Optimization		7.8	Applications in Optimization
(*All properties without proof)		(*All pr	operties without proof)
8. Differentials and 8.1 Introduction		8.1	Introduction
Partial Derivatives 8.2 Linear Approximation and Differential	Partial Derivatives	8.2	Linear Approximation and Differentials
8.2.2 Errors: Absolute Error, Relative Error, and Percentage Error		8.2.2	그는 것 같은 것 같
8.2.3 Differentials		8.2.3	Differentials
(*All properties without proof)		(*All pr	operties without proof)

9. Applications of	9.1	Introduction
integration	9.3	Fundamental Theorems of Integral Calculus and their Applications
	9.5	Improper Integrals
	9.6	Reduction Formulae
	9.7	Gamma Integral
	9.8	Evaluation of Bounded Plane Area by Integration
	9.8.1	Area of the region bounded by a curve, x - axis and the lines $x = a$ and $x = b$.
	9.8.2	Area of the region bounded by a curve, y- axis and the lines $y = c$ and $y = d$.
	9.8.3	Area of the region bounded between two curves
	(*All pro	operties without proof)
10. Ordinary Differential	10.1	Introduction
Equations	10.2	Differential Equation, Order, and Degree
	10.4	Formation of Differential Equations
	10.4.1	Formation of Differential equations from Physical Situations
	10.4.2	Formation of Differential Equations from Geometrical Problems
	10.5	Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations
	10.6	Solution of First Order and First Degree Differential Equations
	10.6.1	Variables Separable Method
	10.6.3	Homogeneous Form or Homogeneous Differential Equation
5 (a) (b)	10.7	First Order Linear Differential Equations
	10.8	Applications of First Order Ordinary Differential Equations
	10.8.1	Population growth
	10.8.2.	Radioactive decay
	10.8.3.	Newton's Law of cooling/warming
	1084	Mixture problems

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11. Probability	11.1	Introduction	
Distributions	11.2	Random Variable	
	11.3	Types of Random Variable	
	11.3.1	Discrete random variables	
	11.3.2	Probability Mass Function	
	11.3.3	Cumulative Distribution Function or Distribution Function	
	11.3.4	Cumulative Distribution Function from Probability Mass function	
	11.3.5	Probability Mass Function from Cumulative Distribution Function	
	11.4	Continuous Distributions	
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	11.4.1	The definition of continuous random variable	
	11.4.2	Probability density function	
	11.4.3	Distribution function (Cumulative distribution function)	
	11.4.4	Distribution function from Probability density function	
	11.4.5	Probability density function from Probability distribution function	
	(*All pr	operties without proof)	
12. Discrete	12.1	Introduction	
Mathematics	12.2	Binary Operations	
	12.2.1	Definitions	
	12.2.2	Some more properties of a binary operation	
	12.2.3	Some binary operations on Boolean Matrices	
	12.2.4	Modular Arithmetic	
	12.3	Mathematical Logic	
	12.3.1	Statement and its truth value	
	12.3.2	Compound Statements, Logical Connectives, and Truth Tables	
	12.3.3	Tautology, Contradiction, and Contingency	
	12.3.4	Duality	
	12.3.5	Logical Equivalence	
	(*All properties without proof)		