

12th Standard - Bio-Zoology

TENTATIVE ANSWER KEY

MARKS: 35

SECTION - I

	CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER	X
Q.No	B-TYPE	Marks
1	c) (1)-(iii), (2)-(i), (3)-(iv), (4)-(ii)	1
2	b) Production of antibodies by B-lymphocytes	1
3	a) Hayem's solution	1
4	c) Agammaglobulinemia	1
5	a) human activities against nature	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$
6	a) Myasthenia gravis	1
7	a) Law of use and disuse	1
8	c) 25 mm Hg	
	SECTION - II	, and a second
9	Thyrotoxicosis is always associated with weight loss because it causes increased BMR and reduces serum cholesterol level.	2
10	The symptoms of cholera are vomiting, profuse diarrhoeal stool (rice water stool) Which results in severe dehydration, loss of minerals, increased blood acidity and haemoconcentration.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1
11	Sometimes an allergen may cause a sudden, violent and fatal reaction in a	2
12	sensititive individual; this is called anaphylaxis.	1
	They also enjoy normal appetite and sleep.	1
13	Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium	l š
	➤ This law concerns a theoretical situation for a population not undergoing any	1
	evolutionary change. Thus according to the law the normal mendelian genic	8
	frequencies are maintained under certain conditions(absence of mutation, selection	ļ Š
	and gene flow or migration only.	Š
	➤ If such conditions are not followed, the gene frequency will change leading to deviations and cause variations, such variation will be the sources for future evolution.	1
14	➤ Biodiversity should be preserved as the common heritage of all humans. All	Š.
	species have a right to exist; one strategy considered as a priority is conserving	1
	hotspots around the globe.	
	These are areas characterized by high concentrations of endemic species and experiencing unusually rapid rate of habit modification loss. There are around 25 hotspots identified from all over the world.	1

Section 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		SECTION - III	
Reratomalacia nyctalopia b) The Vitamin responsible for clotting of blood is Vitamin K	15	a) xerosis	
b) The Vitamin responsible for clotting of blood is Vitamin K 16 Digram		xeropthalmia	2
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Digram 2. agglutination of particulate matter, including bacteria and viruses, 2. opsonisation or coating over bacteria to facilitate recognition and phagocytosis by the phagocytes and 3. neutralization of toxins released by bacteria. 1 If the ozone is depleted more ultraviolet radiations (especially ultraviolet B (UVB) will reach the earths surface. Effect on plants:- will affect crop yield and forest productivity. Effect on naimals:- will cause damage to fish larvae and other small animals Effect on human health:- Results in non-melanoma skin cancer and melanoma, acute cry them a (sun burn) coular abnormalities, cataract, affect immune responses. 19 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21			1
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	(OR)	
	GENETIC DRIFT OR SEWAL WRIGHT EFFECT :	
	 This theory was developed by Sewall Wright in 1930. It is concerned with the gene frequency of a reproducing small population. In a small population not all the alleles which are representatives of that species may be present. Thus the process of inheritance is in violation of Hardy-Weinberg law. In such a small population a chance event may increase the frequency of a character that has little adaptive value. Thus the genetic drift may remain a significant factor in the origin of new species on islands and other isolated populations. Due to loss of alleles having low frequency, amount of genetic variation may get reduced in small populations. Further, continual mating within such populations may cause decrease in the proportion of heterozygotes and increase in the number of homozygotes. However the small population as a whole may develop characters different from that found in the main population. Such 	1
	deviations may even lead to speciation or formation of a new species. When a small group of individuals due to genetic drift become founders of a new population the phenomenon is termed as "founder principle".	1
	The new population often has genotype frequencies different from the parent population. Sometimes genotypic frequencies may get changed in a small population isolated temporarily due to natural calamities. When the population regains its original size the members of the small population may have diverged genetically from the original parental population. Hence interbreeding between members of small and larger populations may not be possible. The small population might have evolved into a new species. This type of genetic drift is referred to as bottleneck effect.	1½
	 Natural Selection: In the modern or synthetic theory of evolution natural selection is considered as a population related genetic phenomenon. It leads to changes in allele frequencies and favours or promotes adaptation as a product of evolution. When the population size of animals or plants in specific locality increases certain environmental factors such as availability of food may become limiting factors. Those organisms exhibiting characteristics which give them a competitive advantage may survive. Thus population size and environmental limiting factor operate together to produce a selective pressure. 	1½
1	BACTERIAL GENETICS	1
	In bacteria the cells have a single circular strand of DNA. It is not associated with proteins as are eukaryotic chromosomes. The bacterial genes, like the eukaryotic genes possess the features of replication, phenotype expression, mutation and genetic recombination etc. In bacteria the genetic recombination results from three types of gene transfer viz., conjugation, transduction and transformation. Conjugation involves the transfer of some DNA from one bacterial cell to another followed by the separation of the mating pair of cells. In this, large segments of the chromosomes and in special cases the entire chromosome may be transferred.	1

plasmid DNA conjugation tube conjugation tube	1
 Bacterial transformation is a process in which cell free or naked DNA containing the genetic information is transferred from one bacterial cell to another. It was discovered by an English health officer, Griffith in 1928. The transforming principle was identified as DNA by Avery Macleod and Mc Carthy in 1944. In transduction, a bacteriophages acts as a vector, transfering a portion of DNA from one bacterium (donor) to another (recepient). If all fragments of bacterial DNA have a chance to enter a transducing phage, the process 	1
is called Generalized transduction . On the contrary if a few restricted genes of the bacterial chromosomes are transduced by bacteriophage, it is called specialized transduction .	1
(OR)	
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ECG-ELECTROCARDIOGRAM The electrocardiogram (ECG) is a record of the electric notential changes that	1/2
 The electrocardiogram (ECG) is a record of the electric potential changes that occur in the heart during the cardiac cycle. It is recorded from the surface of the body. The instrument used to record the ECG is called Electrocardiogram. The waves of the ECG are due to depolarization and not due to contraction of the heart. This wave of depolarization occurs first before the contraction of the cardiac muscle begins. The electrical activity of the heart was first recorded by Waller in 1887 with a capillary electrometer. But the work of Einthoven who recorded the ECG with a strong galvanometer only lead to the development of modern electrocardiography. Einthovan was awarded Nobel Prize in 1924. A normal ECG is composed of five waves designated from left to right with the letters P,Q,R,S and T. P,R and T are normally upward or positive waves while Q and S 	1/2
are downward or negative waves. ECG-'PQRST' wave	1/2
When the cardiac impulse (originating in sinus node which is the primary pace maker) passes through the heart, electrical currents spread in the tissues surrounding the heart. A small amount of this current spreads to the surface of the body. If electrodes are placed on the skin on opposite sides of the heart, electric potentials generated by these currents can be recorded. This recording is known as	
electrocardiogram (ECGorEKG). P. Wave: It occurs in the auricles. It is an atrial wave. It is due to the spread of depolarisation in the atria	1
(auricles). Its duration is 0.1 second and it occurs just before the atrial systole. Its amplitude is about 0.1 to 0.3 mv. The cardiac impulse reaches the sinu-auricular node at about the summit of the Pwave. The P wave is a guide to the activity of atria.	1

Lot of diagnostic information can be gained from alteration in the QRS complex.

T wave

Following S wave there is an isoelectric interval. T wave begins after that. It is due to ventricular repolarization. It is a broad wave. Its average duration is about 0.27 second and amplitude 0.15 to 0.5 mv.

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