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Physics

Time Allowed : 2.30 Hours

Instruction:

- Check the question paper for fairness of printing. If there is any lack of fairness, inform the Hall Supervisor immediately.
- (2) Use **Blue** or **Black** ink to write and underline and pencil to draw diagrams.

Part – I

Answer all the questions

$15 \times 1 = 15$

Match the following questions (1 to 4)

The bullet fired from Gun – Bernoull's theorem
 Cricket player catches the ball – Resonance
 Breaking of glass due to sound – Illustration of impulse
 Venturimeter - Projectile

Fill in the blanks

- 5. The triple point temperature of water is _____
- If the linear momentum of the object is increase by 0.1% then the kinetic energy will increase by _____
- 7. Energy of a diatomic molecule at high temperature is _____
- 8. Suppose if humans had evolved in a planet near the star Sirius, then they would have had the ability to see the _____ rays.

Choose the add one out

- 9. a) closing a tap b) Opening a pen cap
 - c) Opening a Door d) Car steering
- 10. a) Sound boards or stringed instruments
 - b) Vibration of stretched string
 - c) Oscillation of simple pendulum

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Maximum Marks: 70

- d) Vibration of tuning fork
- 11. Choose the correct pair
 - a) Heliocentric model Claudius Ptolemy
 - b) Geocentric model Nicholas Copernicus
 - c) Law of area Newton
 - d) Radius of earth Eratosthenes
- 12. Choose the INCORRECT pair

a)
$$V_{rms}, \sqrt{\frac{3KT}{m}}$$

b) $\overline{(V}, \sqrt{\frac{8KT}{m}}$
c) $(V_{mp}, \sqrt{\frac{4KT}{m}})$
d) $(P, \frac{1}{2}Nm \,\overline{v}^2)$

13. Assertion : Transverse waves are not possible in liquids and gases

Reason: Because they don't possess elastic nature

- a) Both assertion and reason are correct
- b) Both assertion and reason are not correct
- c) Assertion is correct but reason is not correct
- d) Assertion is not correct but reason is correct
- 14. Choose INCORRECT statement
 - a) Particles in the medium vibrate about their mean positions with the same amplitude
 - b) No particles remains at rest permanently during wave propagation
 - c) The different particle pass through the mean position move with different maximum velocity
 - d) The phase at every particle ranges from a 0 to 2π
- 15. Choose the CORRECT statement
 - a) For a fixed mass if we increase the speed the average speed will increase, as a result pressure will increase.
 - b) Even at high temperature such as 5000k the degrees of freedom of diatomic molecules won't vary.
 - c) The average speed of all molecules is called most probable speed.
 - d) The molecules of a gas are in a state of uniform motion.

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Part II

Answer any questions in which question number 24 is compulsory $6 \times 2 = 12$

- 16. Give the advantages of SI System
- 17. Consider two buses A and B moving along linear way with the same velocity in opposite direction let the velocity of each bus be 25kmh⁻¹ calculate the relative velocities of the bus.
- 18. Give any two salient features of static Friction and Kinetic Friction
- 19. Define coefficient of restitution
- 20. If the force applied is perpendicular to the handle of the spanner as shown in the diagram find the (i) torque exerted by the force about the center of the nut and (ii) direction of torque



- 21. State Newton's Universal law of gravitation
- 22. Define Poisson's ratio
- 23. What is Wien's law?
- 24. The speed of a wave in a certain medium is 900 m/s. If 3000 waves passes over a certain point of the medium in 2 minutes, the compute its wavelength.

Part III

Answer any six questions in which question number 32 is compulsory $6 \times 3 = 18$

- 25. Convert 76cm of mercury pressure into Nm^{-2} using the method of dimensions.
- 26. Deduce the relation for work Energy Theorem.
- 27. A book of mass m is at rest on the table (i) What are the forces acting on the book (ii) what are forces exerted by the book (iii) draw the free body diagram for the book.
- 28. Derive the equation for Velocity displacement relation
- 29. Write down the postulates of kinetic theory of Gases (any six)

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- 30. Find the moment of inertia of a uniform rod about an axis which is perpendicular to the rod and touches any one end of the rod.
- 31. Obtain the expression for excess pressure inside a soap bubble.
- 32. An unknown planet orbits the sun with distance twice the semi major axis distance of the Earth's orbit. If the Earth's time period is T₁, what is the time period of this unknown planet?
- 33. Derive the equation for work done an adiabatic process.

Part – IV

Answer all the questions

5× 5= 25

34. a. (i) Deduce the fractional error.

(ii) The voltage across a wire is (100 ± 5) V and the current passing through it is (10 ± 0.2) A. Find the resistance of the wire.

or

b. (i) Obtain the Coefficient of performance COP. (β).

(ii) An ideal refrigerator keeps its content at 0^{0} C while the room temperature is 27^{0} C calculate its coefficient of performance.

35. a. Derive the time period of simple pendulum executing simple harmonic motion.

or

b. Explain the variation of 'g' with altitude and depth.

36. a. Show that the path followed by an oblique projectile is an inverted parabola.

or

b. Deduce the expression for center of Mass for distributed point masses.

37. a. Obtain expression for the lowest point of motion in a vertical circle.

or

b. State and prove Bernoulli's theorem for a flow of incompressible, non-viscous and streamlined flow of fluid.

38. a. Show that the velocity of a travelling wave produced in a string is $V = \sqrt{\frac{T}{4}}$

or

b. To move an object, Push or pull, which is easier? Explain.

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Answer key

- 1. The bullet fired from Gun
- 2. Cricket player catches the ball
- 3. Breaking of glass due to sound
- 4. Venturimeter
- 5. 273.16K
- 6. 0.2%
- 7. 7/2 RT
- 8. ultra violet ray
- 9. c) opening a door
- 10. a) sound boards or stringed instruments
- 11. d) Radius of the Earth Eratosthenes

12. c)
$$V_{mp} = \sqrt{\frac{4KT}{m}}$$

- 13. a) Both assertion and reason are correct
- 14. c) The different particles pass through the mean position more with different maximum velocity.
- 15. a) For a fixed mass if we increase the speed the average speed will increase as a result pressure will increase.
- 16. any 2 pt (each pt 1 mark)
- 17. $V_A = +25Km5^1$ $V_B = -25kmh^{-1} \frac{1}{2}mark$

$$V = V_A - V_B = 25 - (-25) = 50 \ kmh^{-1} - 1\frac{1}{2}mark$$

- 18. any 2 pt (each pt 1 mark)
- 19. Correction definition (2 mark)
- 20. = 37.5×10^{-2} ------ (1 Mark)

Out of page -----(1Mark)

21. Correct statements (2mark)

- Projectile
- Illustration of impulse
- Resonance
- Bernoulli's theorem

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- (or) only formulae (1 mark)
- 22. Correct definition (2 mark)
- 23. Correct statement (2 mark)
- 24. Formulae ¹/₂ mark Substitution - ¹/₂ mark Answer -1 mark
- 2 5. Formulae $\frac{1}{2}Mark$

Up to a=1, b=1, c=-2 -----1¹/₂ mark

Substitution and Ans -----1 mark

$$26) \qquad \text{W=Fs} ------\frac{1}{2} mark$$

$$F=ma \quad -----\frac{1}{2} mark$$

$$a = \frac{v^2 - u^2}{25} - \frac{1}{2}mark$$

Upto
$$W = \Delta KE$$
 $1\frac{1}{2}mark$

27) Explaining

About 2 forces acting -1 mark

Free Body diagram -1mark

Explaining about force exerted -1mark

28) upto
$$a = \frac{1}{2} \frac{dv^2}{ds}$$
 one mark

Upto
$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$
 One mark

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Upto
$$s = \left(\frac{u+v}{2}\right)t$$
 (1 mark)

29) Each point
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 mark

$$6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3mark$$

30) Fixing of origin
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 mark

Diagram 1 mark

Solving and Answer
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
 mark

31) Construction =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 mark

Diagram =
$$\frac{1}{2}Mark$$

Explaining various forces 1 mark

upto
$$\Delta P = \frac{4T}{R}$$
 ---- One mark

32) Formulae -1 mark

Substitution 1 mark

Upto
$$T_2 = 2\sqrt{2T_1}$$
 1Mark

33)
$$W = \int_{V_i}^{V_f} P dV$$
 ------ $\frac{1}{2}$ mark

$$W_{adia} = \int_{V_i}^{V_f} \frac{Constant}{v^{\gamma}} dV \quad ---- \frac{1}{2} \text{ mark}$$

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$$P_i V_i = \mu R T_i - \frac{1}{2} mark$$

$$W_{adia} = \frac{\mu R}{\gamma - 1} (T_i - T_f) \frac{1}{2} Mark$$

Part IV (5 Marks)

- 34) a(i) Derivation ------3 marks
 - (ii) Formulae -----1 mark

Substitution and Answer – -----1 Mark

b) Definition ----- 1 mark

(i) up to
$$\beta = \frac{1}{\frac{Q_H}{Q_L} - 1}$$
 1*mark*

$$\beta = \frac{T_L}{T_H - T_L} \qquad (1mark)$$

(ii) Formulae ----- 1 Mark

Substitution -----¹/₂ mark

Result ----- ¹/₂ mark

35) a) Description ------ ¹/₂ mark (V-II Page 207)

Diagram -----¹/₂ mark

Normal Component ----- ¹/₂ mark

Tangential Component ----- ¹/₂ mark

Upto
$$-mg\sin\theta = \frac{md^2s}{dt^2}$$
 (1mark)

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Upto
$$\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} = \frac{-g}{l}\theta$$
 (1 mark)

Upto
$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$$
 (1*Mark*)

b) Altitude

Depth

36)

$$g' = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{cm'}{(R_e - d)^2} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \max \quad (V-II \text{ Page 20})$$

$$M' = \frac{M}{R_e^3} (R_e - d)^3 - \frac{1}{2} \max$$

$$Upto \ g' = g \left[1 - \frac{d}{R_e} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \max$$

$$g' < g - \frac{1}{2} \max$$
a) Diagram - 1 mark
$$(V-I \text{ Page 84})$$

$$Upto \ V_y = u \sin \theta - gt \quad (Imark)$$

$$Upto \ y = u \sin \theta t - g \frac{1}{2} gt^2 \quad (Imark)$$

Thus the path followed by the projectile is an inverted parabola --1 mark

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(V-I Page 140)

Upto $V\sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}}$	(2mark)
b) Easy to pull =1 mark	
description ¹ / ₂ mark	
$N_{push} = mg + F \cos \theta$	¹ ⁄2 mark
Free body Diagrams	1mark
Upto $N_{pull} = mg - F \cos \theta$	2 mark

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