

**Model Question Paper**  
**Differential Calculus Part II - Part II**

12th Standard

**Maths**

Reg.No. : 

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I. Answer all questions.

II. Use blue pen only.

Time : 01:00:00 Hrs

Total Marks : 85

3 x 1 = 3

**Section-A**

- 1) If  $x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta$ , then  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}$  is equal to  
(a)  $\sec \theta$  (b)  $\sin \theta$  (c)  $\cos \theta$  (d)  $\operatorname{cosec} \theta$
- 2) Identify the true statements in the following (i). if a curve is symmetrical about the origin, then it is symmetrical about both axes. (ii). if a curve is symmetrical about the both the axes, then it is symmetrical about the origin. (iii). A curve  $f(x, y) = 0$  is symmetrical about the line  $y = x$  if  $f(x, y) = f(y, x)$ . (iv). for the curve  $f(x, y) = 0$ , if  $f(x, y) = f(-y, -x)$  then it is symmetrical about the origin.  
(a) (ii), (iii) (b) (i), (iv) (c) (i), (iii) (d) (ii), (iv)
- 3) If  $u = \log\left(\frac{x^2+y^2}{xy}\right)$  then  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$  is  
(a) 0 (b)  $u$  (c)  $2u$  (d)  $u^{-1}$

**Section-B**

3 x 3 = 9

- 4) Find the approximate change in the volume  $V$  of a cube of side  $x$  meters caused by increasing the side by 1%
- 5) Find the differential  $dy$  and evaluate  $dy$  for the given values of  $x$  and  $dx$ :  $y = x^4 - 3x^3 + x - 1, x = 2, dx = 0.1$
- 6) Find the differential  $dy$  and evaluate  $dy$  for the given values of  $x$  and  $dx$ :  $y = (x^2 + 5)^3, x = 1, dx = 0.05$

**Section-C**

5 x 6 = 30

- 7) Using Euler's theorem prove the following  $u = xy^2 \sin\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$  show that  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3u$
- 8) Compute the values of  $\Delta y$  and  $dy$  if  $y = f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$  where  $x$  changes (i) from 2 to 2.05 and (ii) from 2 to 2.01.
- 9) Use differentials to find an approximate value for  $\sqrt[3]{65}$ .
- 10) The time of swing  $T$  of a pendulum is given by  $T = k\sqrt{l}$  where  $k$  is a constant. Determine the percentage error in the time of swing if the length of the pendulum / changes from 32.1cm to 32.0cm.
- 11) A circular template has a radius of 10cm ( $\pm 0.02$ ) Determine the possible error in calculating the area of the templates. Find also the percentage error.

**Section-D**

5 x 10 = 50

- 12) Trace the following curve:  $y = x^3$
- 13) Verify Euler's theorem for  $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} (x^2 + y^2)^{-1/2}$
- 14) Prove  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}} \right) \cos\left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}\right)$  if  $u = \sin\left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}\right)$
- 15) a) Verify  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$  for the function  $u = \sin\left[\frac{x}{y}\right]$   
b) Verify  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y \partial x}$  where  $u = \frac{x^2}{y} - \frac{2y^2}{x}$

(OR)

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